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## HIGER DEGREES RESEARCH ABS RESEARCH ACTIVITY GUIDE

The Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) research activity objectives aim to guide the collection, analysis, and dissemination of high-quality statistical information that accurately represents Australia's economy, population, society, and environment. These objectives must be recorded for all research and development undertaken in Higher Education and Research contexts. It is likely you will need to use the system and select your codes frequently in any research related work and it is compulsory that Batchelor Institute provide the codes in our reporting. Please choose up to 3 Codes at 6 Digit Level for both SEO and FoR activity. For ToA just select one.

Download the Guidelines here: https://www.arc.gov.au/manage-your-grant/classification-codes-rfcd-seo-and-anzsic-codes

Download the Codes here: https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/classifications/australian-and-new-zealand-standard-research-classification-anzsrc/latest-release

## Type of Activity (ToA) - Select One

The Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) has been developed for use in both countries for the production and analysis of industry statistics. ToA allows R&D to be categorised according to the type of research effort. It is a flat classification with four categories:

- pure basic research;
- strategic basic research;
- applied research; and
- experimental development.

Fields of Research (FoR) EXAPMLE: Find 45 Indigenous Knowledge, pick relevant 6 Digit (Field) Codes in Table 3

FoR allows R&D activity to be categorised according to common knowledge domains and/or methodologies used in the R&D. It is the methodology used in the R&D that is being considered.

FoR is a hierarchical classification and includes three levels:

- Divisions (at the broadest level),
- Groups
- Fields (at the finest level).

Socio-economic Objective (SEO) EXAMPLE: 21 Indigenous, pick relevant 6 Digit (Field) Codes in Table 3

SEO allows R&D to be categorised according to the intended purpose or outcome of the R&D as perceived by the data provider or researcher. It is the intended purpose or outcome of the research that is being considered

SEO is a hierarchical classification and includes three levels:

- Divisions (at the broadest level),
- Groups
- Objectives (at the finest level).